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ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GR--ETC F/G 6/20 TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT--ETC(U) JUN 79 A W SINGER

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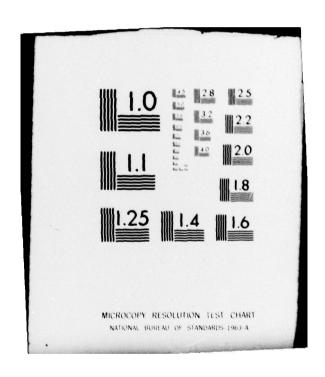








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# UNITED STATES ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENTS

AI3-37134a AND AI3-37139a

U.S., DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PROPRIETARY COMPOUNDS

STUDY NUMBERS 75-51-0086-79 AND 75-51-0090-79

FEBRUARY 1978 - JUNE 1979

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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
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AI3-37139a		
29. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse ofth N recovery and		
Preliminary hazard evaluations of	AI3-37134a and A	13-37139a were performed by
means of laboratory animal studies	using New Zealar	nd White rabbits. The
technical grade compounds produced	mild primary ir	ritation of the skin of
rabbits, and moderate injury to the	e cornea and con,	Junectva of all rappits
tested.		



### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U. S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND 21010

CPT Singer/jg/AUTOVON 584-3980

HSE-LT-T/WP

17 AUG 1979

SUBJECT:

Topical Hazard Evaluation Program of Candidate Insect Repellents AI3-37134a and AI3-37139a, US Department of Agriculture Proprietary Compounds, Study Nos. 75-51-0086-79 and 75-51-0090-79, February 1978 - June 1979

Executive Secretary Armed Forces Pest Control Board Forest Glen Section, WRAMC Washington, DC 20012

A summary of the pertinent findings and recommendations of the inclosed report follows:

Preliminary hazard evaluations of AI3-37134a and AI3-37139a were performed by means of laboratory animal studies using New Zealand White rabbits. The technical grade compounds produced mild primary irritation of the skin of rabbits, and moderate injury to the cornea and conjunctiva of all rabbits tested. It was recommended that AI3-37134a and AI3-37139a not be approved for further testing as candidate insect repellents. If, however, these compounds show a significant improvement in pest repellent properties over currently available compounds, it is suggested that they be purified if possible and resubmitted or considered only as clothing impregnants.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

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## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U. S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND 21010

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENTS
AI3-37134a AND AI3-37139a
US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PROPRIETARY COMPOUNDS
STUDY NUMBERS 75-51-0086-79 AND 75-51-0090-79
FEBRUARY 1978 - JUNE 1979

#### 1. AUTHORITY.

- a. Letter, US Department of Agriculture Agricultural Research Service, Southern Region, Insects Affecting Man Research Laboratory, Gainesville, Florida, 9 February 1978.
- b. Memorandum of Understanding between the Department of the Army, Office of The Surgeon General; the US Army Health Services Command; the US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency; the Armed Forces Pest Control Board, and the US Department of Agriculture, effective 1970 with Amendment No. 1 effective August 1974.
- 2. REFERENCE. Toxicology Division Procedural Guide, USAEHA, 1972, revised 1976.
- 3. PURPOSE. The purpose of this program is to provide guidance for further entomological testing of the candidate insect repellents AI3-37134a and AI3-37139a.
- 4. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS. Hazard evaluations of the candidate repellents AI3-37134a and AI3-37139a, USDA proprietary compounds, were conducted by this Agency using New Zealand White rabbits for skin and eye studies. A tabular presentation of animal toxicity data developed in this Agency follows:\*f

t The experiments reported herein were performed in animal facilities fully accredited by the American Association for the Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care.

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<sup>\*</sup> In conducting the studies described in this report, the investigators adhered to the "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals." US Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Publication No. (NIH) 74-23. revised 1972 - second printing 1974.

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#### TABULAR PRESENTATION OF DATA

Test

Results

Interpretation

#### SKIN IRRITATION STUDIES

#### Rabbits

Single 24-hour application to intact and abraded skin AI3-37139a produced mild of New Zealand White rabbits.

Compounds AI3-37134a and primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion.

USAEHA Category II (ref Appendix)

0.5 m technical grade compound applied to each of six rabbits.

#### EYE IRRITATION STUDIES

#### Rabbits

Single 24-hour application of 0.1 ml technical grade compound to one eye of each of six New Zealand White rabbits.

Compounds AI3-37134a and AI3-37139a produced moderate irritation to the cornea and conjunctiva of all six rabbits. There were no detectable lesions after 7 days.

USAEHA Category E (ref Appendix)

<sup>5.</sup> CONCLUSION. Technical grade compounds AI3-37134a and AI3-37139a produced mild primary irritation of the intact and abraded skin of rabbits, and moderate corneal and conjunctival irritation of all rabbits tested. As such, these compounds do not qualify as nonhazardous insect repellents.

<sup>6.</sup> RECOMMENDATIONS. Under the provisions of the Memorandum of Understanding (paragraph 1b), it is recommended that AI3-37134a and AI3-37139a, USDA proprietary compounds, not be approved for further testing as candidate

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insect repellents. If, however, these compounds show a significant improvement in pest repellent properties over existing repellents, it is suggested that they be purified through activated charcoal and resubmitted, or, if this is not feasible, that they be considered only for use as clothing impregnants.

> alle u. Singer ALLEN W. SINGER CPT, VC

Laboratory Veterinarian Toxicology Division

APPROVED:

ARTHUR H. McCREESH, Ph.D. Chief, Toxicology Division

In & W Gresh

Topical Hazard Eval Study No. 75-51-0086-79 and 75-51-0090-79, Feb 78-Jun 79 APPENDIX

### TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM DEFINITIONS OF CATEGORIES OF COMPOUNDS BEING CONSIDERED FOR ACUTE SKIN APPLICATION

<u>CATEGORY I</u> - Compounds producing no primary irritation of the intact skin or no greater than mild primary irritation of the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: No restriction for acute application to the human skin.)

<u>CATEGORY II</u> - Compounds producing mild primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should be used only on human skin found by examination to have no abrasions or may be used as a clothing impregnant.)

CATEGORY III - Compounds producing moderate primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should not be used directly on the skin without a prophetic patch test having been conducted on humans to determine irritation potential to human skin. May be used without patch testing, with extreme caution, as clothing impregnants. Compound should be resubmitted in the form and at the intended use concentration so that its irritation potential can be reexamined using other test techniques on animals.)

CATEGORY IV - Compounds producing moderate to severe primary irritation of the intact skin and of the skin surrounding an abrasion and, in addition, producing necrosis, vesiculation, and/or eschars. (INTERPRETATION: Should be resubmitted for testing in the form and at the intended use concentration. Upon resubmission, its irritation potential will be reexamined using other test techniques on animals, prior to possible prophetic patch testing in humans, at concentrations which have been shown not to produce primary irritation in animals.)

<u>CATEGORY V</u> - Compounds impossible to classify because of staining of the skin or other masking effects owing to physical properties of the compound. (INTERPRETATION: Not suitable for use on humans.)

#### EYE CATEGORIES:

- A. <u>Compounds noninjurious to the eye</u>. INTERPRETATION: Irritation of human eyes is not expected if the compound should accidentally get into the eyes, provided it is washed out as soon as possible.
- B. <u>Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea</u>. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes.
- C. Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea, and in addition some injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes and mucosa.
- D. <u>Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea</u>. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes.
- E. <u>Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea, and in addition producing some injury to the conjunctiva</u>. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes and mucosa.
- F. Compounds producing severe injury to the cornea and to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution. It is recommended that use be restricted to areas other than the face.